Get ready!

- 1 Before you read the passage, talk about these questions.
 - 1 What are the parts of a gym or health club?
 - 2 What services do gyms and health clubs offer?





-Who We Are -

We have forty **health clubs** across the country. We're serious about fitness. We're also serious about providing the best services.

What We Offer -

All **gyms** have **locker rooms**, saunas, and snack bars. Our **weight rooms** house 50 machines.

Warm up in one of two **cardio theaters**.
Our machines offer personalized workouts to fit your needs.

Check out our **group fitness studios**.
Sign up for yoga, Pilates, martial arts, or aerobics. Head to the **cycling studio** for spin classes. Schedules and details are available at our **front desks**.

We address every need with excellence.
There are no traditional water fountains here.
Instead, we offer water coolers. Restrooms are located within the locker rooms.

Reading

cardio theater

- 2 Read the brochure. Then, mark the following statements as true (T) or false (F).
 - **1** __ Galaxy Gyms offer locker rooms, saunas, and snack bars.
 - 2 __ Members take yoga classes in the cardio theaters.
 - $\mathbf{3}$ __ Schedules are posted on the walls of the gym.

Vocabulary

Or Place the words and phrases from the word bank under the correct headings.



weight room cycling studio locker room group fitness studio cardio theater restroom

Spaces for Exercise	Spaces for Changing

- 4 Read the sentence pairs. Choose which word or phrase best fits each blank.
 - 1 front desk / health club
 - A The monthly membership fee at the ______is sixty dollars.
 - **B** I signed my name on a clipboard at the _____
 - 2 gym / water fountain
 - A Sally works out at a ______near her office.
 - **B** Brian went to the ______ to refill his bottle.
- 5 Solution Listen and read the brochure again. How do gym or health club members get information about classes?

Listening

- 6 Solution Listen to a conversation between a personal trainer and a client. Choose the correct answers.
 - 1 Where do most of the classes take place?
 - A in the weight rooms
- C in the group fitness studios
- **B** in the yoga studio
- **D** in the cycling studio
- 2 What will the man likely do next?
 - A begin his workout
- C sign up for weightlifting
- **B** change his clothes
- **D** go to the cycling studio
- 7 So Listen again and complete the conversation.

Trainer: We have two 1 _____ on the first and

second floors.

Client: Do you have 2_____

Trainer: Yes. Four. The group fitness studios are for yoga, Pilates,

kickboxing, and dance classes, and step aerobics.

Client: What about spin cycling?

Trainer: We have **3** for that.

Client: When do you offer yoga?

Trainer: Most classes are in the morning. You can check with the

4 _____ for the schedule.

Client: Well, I'm ready to get started. Where are the

5____?

Trainer: Just to the left of the 6 _______

Speaking

8 With a partner, act out the roles below based on Task 7. Then, switch roles.

USE LANGUAGE SUCH AS:

The group fitness studios are for ...

When do you offer ...?

You can check with the front desk for ...

Student A: You are a personal trainer. Talk to Student B about:

- exercise rooms
- fitness classes
- locker rooms

Student B: You are a client at a gym. Talk to Student A about the gym and its services.

Writing

Use the brochure and the conversation from Task 8 to design the gym's class schedule.

Galaxy Gym

Galaxy Gym Class Schedule

Class	Location	Day and Time

14 Building a Client Base

Get ready!

- 1 Before you read the passage, talk about these questions.
 - **1** What are some ways trainers can meet prospective clients?
 - 2 Why shouldn't trainers overeducate prospective clients?



greet







demonstration

assist

Katrina Scott, personal trainer to professional athletes and movie stars, can help you build your client base. She'll tell you the best **self-promotion** techniques to reach **potential** clients. Some of the things she will discuss are:

- Greeting people and introducing yourself
- Coming up with a memorable opening line
- How to be proactive roaming the facility, assisting potential clients, etc.
 - Creating explanations and demonstrations to show potential clients the value of working with you
 - Why overeducating potential clients will put them off

Katrina's seminars have
helped numerous personal trainers expand
their client bases. Here's how her seminar has
benefited trainers just like you.

"Katrina's seminar is amazing! By following her advice, I have doubled the number of clients I have." – M. Lewis, Fairmont Heights, Vermont

"Katrina's seminar gave me the tips I needed to promote myself and begin interactions with potential clients. I tell all my fellow trainers they have to take this seminar!"

P. Amundsen, Los Angeles, California

The seminar is being held at the City Library on 7th Street on May 13 at 7:00 pm. Admission is \$10 per person and seating is limited to 100 guests.



Reading

- 2 Read the advertisement. Then, mark the following statements as true (T) or false (F).
 - **1** __ The seminar gives trainers ideas for advertising their services.
 - **2** __ Being proactive includes overeducating potential clients.
 - **3** __ The advertisement contains testimonials from previous seminar attendees.

Vocabulary

- Read the sentences and choose the correct words or phrases.
 - 1 Grace uses self-promotion / value as a way to attract new clients.
 - 2 Daniel **benefits / roams** the facility to make sure members don't need assistance.
 - 3 The trainer introduced / overeducated himself to the new gym members.
 - 4 Frieda gives a demonstration / opening line before having clients do a new exercise.
 - 5 The receptionist at the health club puts off / greets people with a cheerful smile.
 - 6 Heather decided there was value / explanation in working out with a trainer.
 - 7 Trainers should be **potential / proactive** in marketing their services.

4 Match the words and phrases (1-8) with the definitions (A-H).

1	benefit	5 potential
2	overeducate	6 assist
3	opening line	7 put off
4	explanation	8 interaction

- A to help someone
- **B** being possible in the future
- C a statement that gives reasons for something
- **D** keep someone or something away due to a certain behavior or manner
- **E** a sentence used to start a conversation with a potential client
- **F** to give someone too much information about a topic
- G to give someone help or an advantage
- H the communication between two or more people
- **⑤** Listen and read the advertisement again. What are a few ways trainers can be proactive in order to find new clients?

Listening

- 6 Listen to a conversation between two personal trainers. Choose the correct answers.
 - 1 What is the purpose of the conversation?
 - **A** to discuss the tips presented in the seminar
 - B to decide whether or not to attend a seminar
 - C to debate on the best ways to get new clients
 - **D** to inform someone about an upcoming seminar
 - 2 What bet do the speakers make?
 - A who will have the most new clients by the end of the month
 - **B** who can go the longest without overeducating potential clients
 - **C** who will put the tips from the seminar to the best use
 - **D** who can convince the gym owner to advertise the speakers' services

Listen again and complete the conversation.

Trainer 2:	It just seems silly. I mean, 1 the gym aimlessly
Trainer 1:	You're not supposed to just walk around aimlessly. You 2 people by giving a demonstration of correct form or giving an explanation on how a machine works.
Trainer 2:	I don't see what good it does. I'd rather do something else.
Trainer 1:	It allows 3 to see they can benefit from working with a trainer.
Trainer 2:	You really 4 the stuff she said, don't you?
Trainer 1:	It makes sense to me. The gym we work for doesn't advertise our services, so I quite like the idea of 5
Trainer 2:	The only thing that made sense to me was not 6 people.

Speaking

8 With a partner, act out the roles below based on Task 7. Then, switch roles.

USE LANGUAGE SUCH AS:

Did you like it? / I rather do something else. I quite like the idea ...

Student A: You are a trainer. Talk to Student B about:

- your opinion on the seminar
- your preference on the tips presented in the seminar
- making a bet

Student B: You are a trainer. Talk to Student A about the seminar.

Writing

Use the advertisement and the conversation from Task 8 to create notes on the seminar. Include tips for being proactive, why overeducating potential clients might put them off, and how to make potential clients see the value in working with a trainer.

Glossary

ankle [N-COUNT-U3] An ankle is the joint where the leg connects to the foot.

ankle weight [N-COUNT-U10] An ankle weight is a strip of fabric containing weights that is worn around the ankle.

appearance [N-UNCOUNT-U7] Appearance is the way someone or something looks.

balance trainer [N-COUNT-U12] A **balance trainer** is an exercise tool consisting of half a rubber ball and a rounded platform attached to the flat side of the ball. It can be used with the ball side up or the platform side up to improve balance.

barbell [N-COUNT-U10] A **barbell** is a long, metal bar with weights attached to each end, that you lift in order to become stronger.

basketball court [N-COUNT-U9] A **basketball court** is an indoor or outdoor space designed for players of basketball. Outdoor courts are usually covered with concrete or asphalt. Indoor courts are rectangular surfaces covered in highly polished wood.

bend [V-T-U13] To bend is to curve something so that it is no longer in a straight or upright position.

bicep [N-COUNT-U2] A bicep is the big muscle between your shoulder and elbow on the front of your upper arm.

BMI (body mass index) [N-UNCOUNT-U6] **BMI (body mass index)** is a measure of body fat that is the ratio of weight (in kilograms) to height (in meters).

calf [N-COUNT-U3] The calf is the lower back region of the leg between the knee and the foot.

cardio theater [N-COUNT-U8] A **cardio theater** is an area in a health club or gym that offers types of cardiovascular training equipment. Equipment includes treadmills, stationary bicycles, elliptical trainers, and rowing machines.

cardiovascular disease [N-UNCOUNT-U6] **Cardiovascular disease** refers to any illness that affects the heart or the blood system.

carry [V-T-U5] To carry extra weight is to weigh an excessive amount.

certification [N-UNCOUNT-U1] **Certification** is a document that recognizes an individual's qualification, based on having met certain standards, to perform a job within a particular field.

chest [N-COUNT-U2] The **chest** is the upper, front section of your body that is between your neck and your stomach.

childcare center [N-COUNT-U9] A childcare center is a space in which small children are cared for or supervised.

classify [V-T-U5] To classify is to sort something into a specific category.

combination [N-COUNT-U5] A combination is a mixture of various components together.

core [N-COUNT-U4] The core is the central portion of the trunk which includes many groups of muscles.

corporation [N-COUNT-U15] A corporation is a group of people given certain rights and duties by law.

cruise ship [N-COUNT-U15] A cruise ship is a large ship that carries passengers on pleasure cruises.

cycling studio [N-COUNT-U8] A **cycling studio** is a group fitness studio in which stationary bikes are installed for spin-cycling classes.

deltoid (delts) [N-PLURAL-U2] **Deltoids (delts)** are the muscles that go around the top of the shoulder. There are three types of deltoids: anterior, lateral and posterior.

drop [V-T-U7] To drop something is to have it decrease to a lower amount or level.

dual-action bike [N-COUNT-U11] A **dual-action bike** is an exercise machine that allows for stationary cycling with moving handle bars.

dumbbell [N-COUNT-U10] A **dumbbell** is a short, metal bar, with weights attached to either end, that you lift in order to become stronger.

ectomorph [N-COUNT-U5] An ectomorph is a person with an exceedingly thin body type.

elliptical trainer [N-COUNT-U11] An **elliptical trainer** is an exercise machine with pedals that move in an elliptical circuit, allowing the user to exercise with minimal joint strain in a standing position.

emergency stop key [N-COUNT-U11] An **emergency stop key** is a button that allows the user to immediately stop an exercise machine in case of emergency.

employee [N-COUNT-U15] An employee is a person working for another person or an institution.

endomorph [N-COUNT-U5] An endomorph is a person with a body type that tends to store an excess amount of fat.